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THE ASHEVILLE NEWS.

BY THOMAS W. ATKIN.

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THURSDAY, OCT'R 23, 1862.

TERMS.—$1 50 per annum, strictly in advance. To clubs of ten or more, at $1 each.—All papers are discontinued as soon as the time paid for expires.

☞Rev. P. W. Edwards and Col. S. Walker are our Agents for Haywood county.

COURT WEEK.

Last week will long be remembered as the great capital case week. The entire term of the Court was taken up in the trial of capital offences, brought here from Haywood and Jackson counties. So far as the legitimate business of this county was concerned, the Court was a nullity, not a single civil suit having been tried.—No one is to blame for this, however, as all did their best to push forward the business of the week. The capital cases necessarily involved the examination of a number of witnesses, and the only wonder is, that the Court was able to press through so many important cases. Judge Saunders elicited the highest commendation for his zeal and firmness in the administration of the law.

Jas. H. Franklin, charged with the killing of Philip Noland, in Haywood county, on 22d September last, was found guilty, and sentenced to be hanged on the 16th day of January next.

Solomon Grooms, charged with the murder of Oscar L. Townsend, in Haywood county, on the 12th day of May, 1862, was found guilty and sentenced to be executed on the 15th day of January next.

Wm. B. Garrett, Moses L. Sherrill, John M. Morris, John H. C. Morris, Geo. R. Morris, R. L. D. Birchfield, John Watkins, Wm. Nichols, R. J. Hodge, David Watkins and David Pressley, were put on trial, charged with the murder of Uriah C. Burns, in Jackson county, on the 16th of Sept. last.

The jury found W. B. Garrett, J. M. Morris and R. L. D. Birchfield, guilty in manner and form charged in bill of indictment, and they were sentenced to be executed on the first Friday in January next.

M. L. Sherrill, J. M. Watkins, R. J. Hodge, David Pressley, Wm. Nichols and David Watkins, were found guilty of Manslaughter, and sentenced to six months imprisonment, which his honor the Judge afterwards remitted, on condition that they join the army within thirty days.

John H. C. Morris and G. R. Morris, were found not guilty as charged, and were discharged from custody.

The prisoners were defended by Messrs. Bailey, Henry and Cannon, and the State represented by Mr. Solicitor Merrimon.

ALLEN'S LEGION.

We are gratified to learn that Col. Lawrence Allen, of Madison county, has at length succeeded in organizing his Legion for the war.

Capt. J. A. Keith was elected Lieut. Col. of the infantry, and Lieut. W. N. Garrett was elected Major.

Lucius H. Smith, of this place, was appointed Adjutant.

The Legion will embrace one regiment of infantry, eight hundred cavalry under command of Lt. Col. Folk, and one company of artillery, the whole under the command of Col. Allen.

GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY.

Hon. Richard Hawes was inaugurated Provisional Governor of Kentucky, at Frankfort, on the 4th inst. Gen. Bragg was present, and delivered over to the new Governor the public papers, &c. Gens. Kirby Smith, Stevenson, Buckner, Heth, Preston, Churchill, and other distinguished military men were present. The Frankfort Yeoman represents the occasion as grand and imposing.

OLD ABE FRIGHTENED AGAIN.

A dispatch in the New York Herald, from Washington on the 7th, under the heading of "The President's Life Considered in Danger," says:

The President's life is considered unsafe by many persons here. As in all great political and social crisis there are now monomaniacs whose peculiar insanity points toward the assassination of the person who wields the power of the Government. Mutterings have been heard in reference to the President by persons who have this form of insanity in Washington, and the personal safety of the Commander-in-Chief ought to be looked after with the utmost dilligence.

THE Memphis Bulletin says Rev. Abraham Pryne, who made himself notorious by a public discussion with Blackguard Brownlow on the slavery question, in Philadelphia, a few years ago, committed suicide by cutting his throat on the 24th September, at his nome in Williamson, N. Y. He was insane.

It is not surprising, says the Knoxville Register, that Pryne has left the world in disgust.—Brownlow's infamy so far transcended his own that he has "curled up and quit." The one was false only to his God, the other both to his God and country. Pryne had become a lunatic, Brownlow was born morally insane.

☞We are under obligations to Col. Robert B. Vance, of the 29th Regiment, for a late copy of the Frankfort (Ky.) *Yeoman*. The present locality of Col. Vance and his gallant Regiment, we do not know. They will do their whole duty, wherever they may be.

☞See the prospectus of the daily and triweekly State Journal, in another column. Mr. Spellman possesses the tact, talent and energy to get up a good daily, and *he will do it*.

CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEWS.

Letter from Kentucky.

CAMP BUCKNER, NEAR VERSAILLES, KY., Oct. 5, 1862.

Editor of News—Dear Sir:

At last we have an opportunity, by private means, of sending a line to the old North State. We left Cumberland Gap 19th ult., and reached Frankfort, the capitol of the State, 2nd inst.; traveling *via* London, Lancaster, Danville, Harrodsburg, Rough & Ready, &c., on the best turnpikes in any country. We pitched our camp on the Louisville pike, 2 miles from town. On yesterday, (4th,) Hon. Richard Hawes was installed as Provisional Governor of Ky., in the capitol building, in the presence of many citizens, Ladies and Gentlemen, and the military. Gen. Bragg introduced the Governor to the people amidst shouts, the stirring notes of music, and the booming of cannon. There were present, also, Gens. E. Kirby Smith, Buckner, Preston, Stevenson, Barton, &c. The scene was very impressive. In the afternoon the enemy were reported advancing in force on the Louisville Pike. Our Brigade was thrown out in line of battle, where we waited for the enemy some time, but he was advancing very slowly and cautiously. Information reaching our commanders that Buell's force, very heavy, was moving on us, we were ordered back across the river to make a junction with Gen. Bragg's troops, which will be done soon, and then the great battle for the mastery in Ky. will come off. It is also reported that a force is coming this way from Cincinnati. Our officers and men are confident and anxious for the fight to come on. The people receive us in the most enthusiastic manner, except those who are for the Union at all costs.—Lincoln's Proclamation has done the South a great deal of good. This leaves the old 29th Regiment in pretty good health, though some of the men are barefooted. Col. Coleman's Reg't is also here, doing well. Donations of shirts, socks, blankets, &c., will be thankfully received. These items can be boxed and forwarded to Morristown, Tenn. Yours, truly,

BUNCOMBE.

KINGSPORT, TENN., Oct. 13, 1862.

BRO. ATKIN:—Please publish the following list of appointments for the first round on the Asheville Circuit, for the next conference year. I shall remember the people of Asheville circuit with feelings of kindness. They have paid my entire claim—contributed about $80 th the Missionary cause; also, something for the support of Bishops, worn out Preachers, &c. I will say for the information of your North Carolina readers, that the state of affairs in East Tennessee is improving rapidly, as they are now volunteering by hundreds if not thousands. Three things have contributed to this gratifying result, viz: Lincoln's Proclamation—T. A. R. Nelson's address, and the enforcement of the Conscript.

May the Lord continue to bless us—crown our arms with victory, and soon give us peace. As I am now on my way to Conference, and then perhaps into the Army, you may hear from me again. H. P. WAUGH.

FIRST ROUND ON ASHEVILLE CIRCUIT.

Salem,	Sunday, Nov'br.	2nd, 11 o'clock,	A. M.
Alexander's Chapel	"	" 3 "	P. M.
Beaver Dam,	"	5th.	
West's,	"	6th.	
Bethesda,	"	7th.	
Davidson's Chapel,	"	9th, 10 o'clock,	A. M.
Tabernacle,	"	" 3 "	P. M.
Kerlee's S. H.,	"	10th.	
Stepp's	"	11th.	
Reems' Creek,	"	14th.	
Big Ivy,	"	15th, 10 o'clock,	A. M.
Middle Fork,	"	" 3 "	P. M.
Liberty,	"	19th.	
Mount Zion,	"	22d.	
Bryant's S. H.,	"	23d, 11 o'clock,	A. M.
Marshall,	"	" at night.	
Jewel Hill,	"	25th.	
Flint Hill,	"	28th.	

N. B.—Knoxville, Oct. 15.—News has just been received here of a great Confederate victory at Perryville, Ky., in which it is said 25,000 Federals were killed, wounded and taken prisoners. Another report says 50,000. H. P. W.

HEAD OF TENN., GA., Sept. 29, 1862.

BRO. ATKIN:—The Church at this place has experienced a season of refreshing showers of divine grace, during which christians have been refreshed, sinners convicted, and mourners comforted. Eight have been baptized, and several others professed hope in Christ.

In our meeting christians were revived, and were enabled to "come up to the help of the Lord," "against the mighty." Our blessed Master has told us, "There is joy in the presence of the Angels of God over one sinner that repenteth;" so the brethren and sisters at this place have been made glad. I was assisted by brother Thomas Carter.

To the Triune God be all the praise; and blessed be His holy name for the many exhibitions of His favor to His people.

Yours in christian love,

T. J. MARTIN.

APPOINTMENTS FOR BURNSVILLE CT.

MR. ATKIN:—Please publish the following list of Appointments for the accommodation of the public on the Burnsville circuit, and my successor in particular:

Cane River,	Sunday, November	9,	10 A. M.
Burnsville,	do. "	9,	4, P. M.
Gibbs' S. H.,	Tuesday, "	11,	11, A. M.
Young's,	Thursday, "	13,	"
Flat Rock,	Friday, "	14,	"
Pisgah,	Saturday, "	15,	"
Hunter's Chapel,	Sunday, "	16,	"
Snow Creek,	Tuesday, "	18,	"
Mine Creek,	Wednesday, "	19,	"
Rock Creek,	Thursday, "	20,	"
Shiloh,	Friday, "	21,	"
Forbys S. H.,	Saturday, "	22,	"
Jack's Creek,	Sunday, "	23,	"
Egypt,	Wednesday, "	26,	"
Piercy's,	Saturday, "	29,	"

Yours in the bonds of love,

H. M. BENNETT, P. C.

THE NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.—The Charlotte Democrat learns that Gov. Vance contemplates calling together the Legislature of North Carolina. The day fixed by law for the assembling of that body is the third Monday in November, but it is likely the members will be required to attend about the 1st of November, if not earlier. It is said that measures are to be taken *to put down* the speculators or *put them into the army*.

☞We are indebted to Lieut. M. P. Hampton, of Co. C, 58th Regiment N. C. Troops, for a list of twenty subscribers.

LATE FROM KENTUCKY.

Yankee Loss in the Recent Battle 25,000.

GALLANT EXPLOIT OF GEN. STUART.

WINCHESTER, October 14.—Gen. Stuart has just returned from another grand round of McClellan's army, with a force of cavalry and artillery.

Passing through Maryland directly North into Pennsylvania, capturing a number of towns, Mercersburg and Chambersburg among the number, destroyed a large amount of ordnance and army stores, and taken a large number of prisoners and horses, and on returning to the Potomac cut his way through Gen. Stone's Division and crossing without the loss of a man.

MOBILE, October 14.—A special dispatch to the Advertiser and Register, dated Holly Springs 13th, says the Yankees have not attempted pursuit.

Scouts from Ripley report that Rosencranz, with a Brigade, occupied that place, but retired on Sunday in the direction of Rienzi and Pocahontas.

They destroyed the court-house and county records, and are reported to have committed several rapes.

Our army is in good health and spirits, and reinforcements are constantly arriving. It is as strong as before the battle.

The Mobile and Ohio Railroad will be held against any odds. Considerable force now holds it and are being reinforced.

CHATTANOOGA, October 14.—A gentleman just through from Franklin, Ky., says that he read the Louisville Journal of the 10th, which has the following:

A battle occurred at Perryville yesterday, over which Kentucky will mourn for many years.—The Federal loss is estimated at 25,000 in killed, wounded and missing. Prentice says it was a drawn battle.

Another man, a paroled soldier, just arrived at Murfreesboro' from Kentucky, says the battle commenced on Wednesday, the 8th instant, on which day he was taken prisoner. Our forces fell back six miles, through the valley, planting artillery on either side, when the fight was resumed. On Thursday morning our army mowed the enemy down, and the slaughter is represented as awful.

LATEST FROM KENTUCKY.

Victory at Perryville—Yankee Loss in the Recent Battle 25,000—Federal Gen. Jackson, Killed—Gen. Tom Crittenden Prisoner—Confederate Victory Complete—Bragg, Hardee, Morgan and Buckner in Command.

The fight in Kentucky has been confirmed by the arrival of two couriers, who state that the fight commenced at Perryville, in Boyle county, on Monday morning, the 6th instant. Gen. Hardee commanding on the left, Gen. Buckner in the centre, and Gens. Marshall and Morgan on the right. The result of the first day's fight was Hardee captured 1500 prisoners, with a very heavy slaughter to the enemy. On Tuesday the fight was renewed, with still greater slaughter to the enemy—Hardee capturing 4000 prisoners, Marshall and Morgan captured 3,200 prisoners, The enemy were driven back twelve miles with tremendous slaughter. Our loss in the whole engagement was very small. We are not posted as to who were in command of the Yankee forces, except Gen. Thomas, who encountered Gen. Hardee. We also captured 40 pieces of cannon.

The following is an extract from Col. Palmer's letter of the 14th, received last night from the Gap.

"Wounded soldiers are here from the battle of Perryville—also, a Captain of a Tennessee Regiment. They report that on Tuesday and Wednesday Bragg and Hardee fought the enemy at Perryville, and drove him back 10 miles, taking about 2,000 prisoners and killing and wounding about 1500—that the next day Withers Division engaged the enemy and captured 9,000 (?) prisoners, and that on Friday Kirby Smith engaged them on their right and beat them back, capturing 500 prisoners, killing Gen. Jackson, and capturing Gen. Tom Crittenden.

I give the statements for what they are worth. He says the enemy had 75,000 men opposed to Gen. Bragg. Our army was concentrated at Camp Dick Robinson."

The following is an extract from a telegram received from Gen. Forrest, dated Murfreesboro', October 15th, 1862:

"I have seen a participant in the battle of the 9th. He estimates the enemy's loss at from twenty to twenty-five thousand killed, wounded and prisoners. Our loss five to six thousand.—A complete victory."—*Knoxville Register.*

NEWS FROM GENERAL SMITH'S ARMY IN KENTUCKY.

The Knoxville correspondent of the Columbus Enquirer, writing under date of the 3d inst., says:

I had the pleasure of a long conversation today with a Lieutenant who was just through from Kentucky. He brings a budget of interesting news from Gen. Kirby Smith's division. He left the General's headquarters on the 21st of September last. Up to that time General Smith had enlisted 24,000 good and true men, and armed and equipped them for service. In addition to this Gen. Humphrey Marshall had enlisted a large number, the precise amount the Lieutenant could not learn. He is confident that the accessions to our ranks of Kentuckians will not fall short of 50,000 men by the middle of October. He represents the State as blazing with excitement from one end to the other. Our troops, everywhere they go, are hailed with exclamations of joy and gladness. The fruits of the three hard fought battles at Richmond, Ky., was 9,000 stand of splendid arms, a large number of Colt's repeaters, sabres, 12 bronzed rifled pieces, 6 and 12-pounder cannon, 200 wagons and teams and a large amount of commissary stores. At Lexington Ky., our forces secured 25,000 stand of arms, a large number of sabres, pistols, clothing, boots and shoes, commissary and quartermaster stores in abundance—in fact, a sufficient amount of the paraphernalia of war to fit out a Division of troops. Our troops are enjoying fine health, have a plenty to eat, and that of a varied character, of good quality and at low prices.

FEVER AT WILMINGTON.—The last Wilmington Journal comes to us reduced in size, with the announcement that the editors are compelled to suspend its publication entirely for a short time, in consequence of the prevailing epidemic. The editors, however, still remain and will issue bulletins of the progress of the fever.

Last Saturday and Sunday are represented to have been the gloomiest days since the appearance of the disease. The number of deaths is said to have been very large. There are now over 600 cases in the place.—*Raleigh Standard.*

THE Confederate Congress adjourned *sine die*, on the 12th.

FULL AND HIGHLY INTERESTING PARTICULARS OF THE LATE BATTLES AT CORINTH.

Messrs Editors: The armies of Gens. Van Dorn and Price—under Gen. Van Dorn as the Ranking officer—having formed a junction at Ripley, marched thence for the purpose of engaging the enemy in battle, though it was well known that the battle must be waged under the serious disadvantages of a great disparity in numbers, and strength of position.

Thursday, 1st, Oct. 2d, our forces marched from Pocahontas to Chewalla, points on the M. & C. R. R., thus moving from the West on Corinth, the stronghold of the enemy. That night the soldiers rested on their arms, in eager and confident expectation of meeting the foe in battle array on the ensuing morning.

Friday, Oct. 3d, the order of battle was formed, the right being held by Gen. Van Dorn's troops, composing only one division under Gen. Lovell; while the left was occupied by Gen. Price's troops, composed of two divisions, the extreme left under Gen. Hebert, and the right under Gen. Maury, whose division as thus placed, formed the centre of the whole force.

Advancing in this order, at 7½ o'clock in the morning, Gen. Lovell's division arrived within Long range of the enemy, who had marched out some six miles in front of the extreme outer lines of his fortifications. Immediately the artillery of Gen. Vallepigue, whose brigade was in the advance, opened fire upon the enemy, who in a short time, began to give way and fall back, and continue to do so for two hours, under a heavy and effective fire from the advancing batteries of Gen. Lovell's division. Meanwhile, there was constant skirmishing along the line of the centre and right Wing, in the Brigades of Gens. Moore and Phifer, and particularly Col. Bridges' regiment of sharpshooters, were most active and conspicuous.

At 9½ o'clock, the enemy having made a stand one-half mile in front of his fortifications, Gen. Lovell advanced his infantry and poured a destructive musketry fire into the ranks of the Yankees, who replied with spirit, and now, Gen. Price having ordered up his divisions under Gens. Maury and Hebert, the battle raged all along the line—the enemy suffering terribly.—At length a charge was ordered, Gen. Lovell's division leading, and in double quick time our brave soldiers drove the enemy behind his entrenchments. Simultaneously almost, the Divisions of Gens. Maury and Hebert, the one after the other, charged the enemy, in front of them, with equal success, so that before 2 o'clock, the Yankees had withdrawn entirely behind their fortifications.

Now there was a lull in the battle—a cessation of the fierce strife—lasting for a whole hour. The enemy having brought several field batteries in front, opened from these, and at the same time from his heavy artillery, a most tremendous cannonading—the sound of which was as the sound of many waters. This fire was directed chiefly, if not wholly, against the right wing, under Gen. Lovell, and though so tremendous in sound, produced but little effect—was almost harmless, in fact. To it there was no reply—our soldiers remaining silent and standing firm, as if waiting for orders. By and by the second charge was ordered, and right gallantly was it made by Gen. Lovell's division, and just as gallantly was it supported by charges all along the centre and right wing by the divisions of Gens. Maury and Hebert. On, on our glorious columns swept through the leaden rain and iron hail, until they had reached and passed the fortifications, from which the Yankees fled, and stopped not until they had arrived at the next line of entrenchments.

Here the fight of Friday ended in a glorious triumph for our troops, in spite of the superior numbers of the enemy, behind works of great strength in the closing struggle. Gen. Van Dorn, in his first dispatch concerning this engagement, ascribes the highest credit to Gens. Price and Lovell, and the officers and men under them, for the splendid fighting done by them. The casualties of the day, on our side, were not numerous. No official estimate is yet at hand; but from reliable data it is believed our killed and wounded will not much exceed 500 men. The loss of the enemy, it was thought, was twice as heavy as ours.

THE BATTLE OF SATURDAY.

The general relation of our troops to each other and to the enemy remained as it was on the previous day—Gen. Van Dorn in supreme command, occupying the centre, Gen. Price the left wing, and Gen. Lovell the right wing. Gen. Lovell's division held ground West of Corinth and just South of the M. & C. R. R. Gen. Maury's division was posted North of the M. & C. R. R., and between it and the M. & O. R. R. Gen. Hebert's division was on the left, East of the M. & O. R. R.—thus advancing from the North upon Corinth.

The battle was commenced by Gen. Price early in the morning—half an hour before daylight. The artillery, having been moved forward, opened upon the enemy in his entrenchments at the distance of 400 yards. The enemy replied, and a heavy cannonading by both sides ensued for one hour. Our troops suffered but little damage from this fire, and the artillery was withdrawn with the view of advancing the infantry. Now heavy skirmishing followed all along the line, which was kept up until about 10 o'clock. Then beginning with Gen. Lovell's division, who were immediately seconded by Gen. Price's army—Gen. Hebert's division first, and then Gen. Maury's—our whole line advanced upon the entrenchments of the enemy.

Here occurred one of the most terrible struggles of the war. The air was filled with the missiles of death, and the earth trembled under the confused noise of battle. Every division, brigade, regiment, and company, and I might say almost every man, fought with courage and coolness, as though the result depended upon one as much as upon all. Forward our men advanced; and, though many of them fell before the terrible fire of the enemy, from heavy guns, field pieces, and small arms, forward still they advanced. And now there was a grand charge all along our lines.

The enemy held his position until our men reached the very mouths of his heavy guns, and fired upon his gunners as they stood at their posts. Then, however, his advance was thrown into confusion and scattered away in haste, leaving his heavy artillery and, some say, a number of field pieces in our hands. Our loss here was very heavy, but having gained the last line of entrenchments, our brave troops seemed to have won the day. In fact, if our men, though much reduced by the casualties of the day, could have been supported by reserves even equal to the dead and wounded in number, they in all probability, would have been crowned victors of the well fought field.

But alas! fresh troops were not at hand; and the enemy bringing up his heavy reserves about 12 o'clock, and hurling them against our lines—particularly the centre, our brave troops were obliged to yield the ground so gloriously won by them. Suffering intensely from thirst, hunger, and fatigue, they were but poorly prepared to meet this onslaught from fresh men; and besides, many of them had exhausted the last round of ammunition, and no further supplies were just at hand. So under the necessities of the case, they fell back; and though in doing so, they were exposed to a terrible and destructive fire, there was no panic, no rout, the wounded of Gen. Price's army, except those who fell right at the entrenchments, having been nearly all brought away.

Our army retired to the woods at a distance of only 600 yards; and there, while our artillery resumed fire and kept it up for a short time, formed again in order of battle. But the enemy appearing indisposed to renew the conflict, Gen. Van Dorn, at 3 o'clock, drew off his whole force, being most ably supported in doing so by Gen. Price and the other general officers. The enemy attempted no pursuit during the afternoon, and that night our army camped securely in the neighborhood of Chewalla.

Sunday morning, at 8½ o'clock, our advance, consisting of Gen. Phifer's brigade, and Col. Whitfield's Legion, with one battery—not exceeding one thousand five hundred in all—crossed the Davis bridge at Hatchie river, to engage the enemy, a large body of whom, from Bolivar, had the day before reached that point, and had there been held in check by Cols. Slemmon's and Adam's cavalry, with one battery. Our advance having crossed the bridge and gone a little distance, received a heavy fire at short range from a concealed battery, which was followed directly by a charge from a largely superior force. Our troops retreated in a good deal of confusion across the bridge—having suffered a loss, perhaps, of 300 killed, wounded and missing.

The reinforcements arriving, our troops formed in line, and a fight with musketry ensued and was kept up for some time across the river, but with very little loss on our side. Meanwhile, our field pieces opened upon the enemy, and, they replying, cannonading was continued during the greater part of the day. During this time, our advance was gradually withdrawn, and following the other troops, with the long wagon trains of supplies, wounded, &c.—the artillery having also been brought off—made a successful crossing of Hatchie river some miles higher up the stream. And now our army is in camp a little North of Ripley; and it is rumored that the enemy is advancing, and has reached a point only eight miles distant from our lines.

Our lost was heaviest on Saturday—perhaps much heavier—as a matter of course, than the enemy's. I think our loss altogether—Friday, Saturday and Sunday—will perhaps reach 3,000 killed, wounded and missing—not many prisoners, chiefly wounded and stragglers. I can give but few names. Col. Martin, of Memphis, commanding a brigade—a gallant officer and excellent gentleman—was killed on Friday. Col. Hodges and Capt. Catteson, of Texas, are here, seriously but not dangerously wounded—also others.

The enemy's loss was heavy. We captured several hundred prisoners; and besides these I doubt if the enemy's loss will fall below 2,000 men.

Rumors have gone forth, and some of them have been published, making matters much worse than I have detailed them. My information is from sources eminently trustworthy, and though necessarily imperfect in a certain degree, you may, I think, rely upon the main points.

The future is dark in this part of the country. I fear other reverses are in store for us, including loss of much ground now held by us. The enemy can readily, in a few days, concentrate three to one against our forces. C. J. W.

Holly Springs, Miss., Oct. 8, 1862.

FROM THE NORTH.

RICHMOND, Oct. 17.—The Baltimore American of Tuesday afternoon, reports an advance of three per cent. in gold at New York. The opening price being 138½.

A democratic meeting was held in New York city. John Van Buren denounced the Black Republican Administration as the most contemptible Government on earth. He proposed that McClellan should move on Richmond; that a Convention should be called and our Southern brethren invited to it, when the Constitution should be altered, so that all the States might live under it in peace. If the South will not assent to this, he would say to our wayward sisters "depart in peace."

The Democratic party should not waste its time and energies in talking. If we are denounced as traitors, we should knock down the offenders and go to the people. We have been told that the Southern people would not, and in my judgment they should not, live under this abolition Government. He, (the speaker,) would not live with them if they would.

THE STATE CONVENTION.—The Hon. W. N. Edwards, President of the N. C. State Convention, publishes a letter stating that he has been requested to re-assemble the State Convention. The President very properly considers that there is no necessity for doing so, and offers several reasons why that body should not again assemble. The following is one of the closing paragraphs of the letter of Mr. Edwards:

For these reasons, I am constrained to decline a compliance with the solicitations made to me. If I were clearly satisfied that public opinion demanded another session of the Convention, I might yield my own convictions and act accordingly; but from the best information I have been able to obtain, public opinion neither demands nor would approve it. It is proper to state that the memorials are signed only by eleven persons, and that but few others have intimated to me, by letter or otherwise, a desire that the Convention should be recalled.

At the last session of the Convention a resolution was passed declaring that if the Convention was not called together by the 1st of November, it should be considered as finally dissolved.—Therefore, as the President refuses to issue a call, the Convention of North Carolina is dead.

THE COMING WINTER.—The preparations made by the Yankees for the prosecution of the war during the coming winter are on a scale of unprecedented magnitude. All Southern rivers navigable by their boats and our whole seacoast will be visited by these vessels. Property along the banks of such streams and the ocean's shores should be removed, and guerrillas should prepare to discharge their duties, by clearing the decks of hostile steamers, for which their organization is well adapted. The Yankees will soon learn that the possession of our navigable stream is valueless just so long as their shores are infested by guerrillas and just so long as commercial vessels are kept out of them. Trade cannot be conducted by gunboats. The Mississippi can never be opened to the trade of the Northwest till the independence of the South is acknowledged, and then commercial treaties may be found good substitutes for gunboats.—*Knoxville Register.*

DEATHS.

DIED,—Of Measels, near Big Springs, Tenn., on the 29th of Sept., HARVY J. BRIGGS, son Col. Lewis Briggs, of Yancy county, N. C. He was a member of Company C, 58th Regiment N. C. Troops.

DIED,—Of Fever, at Big Springs, Tennessee, on the 25th of September, Corporal DAVID R. WILSON, only son of Elijah Wilson, of Yancy county, N. C.—a Corporal in Company C, 58th N. C. Troops. M. P.

DIED,—At the Eagle Hotel, Asheville, N. C., on the 21st of October, 1862, CHARLES BEAUREGARD, infant son of Amasa W. and A. J. King, aged 1 year and 3 months.

☞ Richmond Dispatch and Washington City papers please copy.

NOTICE.

NO more (Lobelia Inflata) Indian Tobacco seed, will be received at this Depot.

M. HOWARD, Surg.
Oct. 23.—2t and Med. Purveyor.

NOTICE.

A. T. SUMMEY, Esq., has my books, and also the books of HARDY & SUMMEY, to close up; and notice is hereby given to all who are owing any thing to come forward and *settle with him* immediately.

Oct. 23.—3m. J. G. HARDY.

SHOES! SHOES!!

I WILL make SHOES at 75 cents a pair, if the Leather be brought to my house on BULL CREEK, 10 miles east of Asheville.—Shoes for sale at $3.50 per pair.

Oct. 23.—4t. JOEL GRAGG.

BEEF! BEEF!! BEEF!!!

THE subscriber will, from the present date—October 20th—furnish his customers with BEEF EVERY DAY, (Sundays excepted,) at his old stand, in the rear of Dr. HILLIARD'S office. SULLIVAN & GILLAM.

October 23. 4t

FIFTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the 15th instant, my negro boy WASH. Said negro is about 21 or 22 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, black complexion, with a small scar somewhere on his face, good looking, and had on when he left Tow Trowsers, was bare-footed and in his shirt sleeves. The above reward will be paid for his apprehension and confinement in any jail so that I can get him, or for his delivery to me. My address is Swannanoa, Buncombe county, N. C. JOSEPH STEPP.

Oct. 23. tf

PROSPECTUS
OF THE
DAILY STATE JOURNAL.

ON AND AFTER the 1st day of November next, the State Journal will be published

Daily, Tri-Weekly and Weekly.

The DAILY STATE JOURNAL will contain all the news received up to the latest hour before mailing, and will consist of TWO EDITIONS DAILY. The MORNING EDITION will contain the news by the evening mails, and all TELEGRAPHIC NEWS up to 10 o'clock, the previous night, and will be supplied to city subscribers and sent by the morning mails North and East; the EVENING EDITION will be printed at 3 o'clock p. m., and will contain the additional news by Telegraph up to 2 o'clock p. m., and will be sent to subscribers by the trains West and by the Fayetteville mail. Thus subscribers, no matter in what direction they may live, will have the news up to the departure of the mails.

Arrangements have been made to procure TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE CONFEDERACY, expressly for the State Journal. GENERAL NEWS BY MAIL will be promptly published. The MARKETS will be fully reported. RELIABLE CORRESPONDENTS will be secured, in the Army and elsewhere. The LEGISLATIVE PROCEEDINGS will be reported daily by competent Reporters. The *State Journal* will be essentially a NEWSPAPER.

TERMS:

For the DAILY.—12 months, $6; 6 months, $3.50; 3 months, $2; 1 month, $1.

For the TRI-WEEKLY.—12 months, $4, 6 months, $2.50; 3 months, $1.50.

For the WEEKLY.—12 months, $2; 6 months $1.50.

No subscriptions received except on the foregoing terms.

ADVERTISING RATES.

1 square, 1 day,	$0 50	1 square, 5 days,	$1 50
1 do 2 days,	0 75	1 do 1 week,	1 75
1 do 3 days,	1 00	1 do 2 weeks,	3 00
1 do 4 days,	1 25	1 do 1 month,	5 00

Ten lines make a square.

☞ Advertisements for the Daily will be inserted in the Tri-Weekly *free of charge*. This is an inducement which cannot fail to attract the attention of Advertisers.

The above rates apply only to the daily paper. Advertisements will be inserted in the Weekly paper at the usual regular rates, viz: One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion.

Address, JOHN SPELMAN,
Editor and Proprietor,
Oct. 23.—3tpd Raleigh, N. C.

SOLDIER'S CLAIMS.

I WILL collect all claims made out and sent to me to Richmond, on reasonable terms, for living or dead soldiers, and of late terms, for ses presented while I will draw up all ca- home. cultivation on the circuit and at

Papers must be made out strictly as follows:

1st. Pay to any deceased volunteer, non-commissioned officer, musician or private, shall be paid to the widow of the deceased, if living, if not, to the children if any; and if neither be living, to the father if living; and if not, to the mother of the deceased soldier. The person claiming as heir must make their affidavit of the relationship, and that they are the only person entitled to claim the pay—for instance, if the claimant be the mother, she must state there is neither wife, child, nor father of the deceased. If the father, he must state that there is neither wife nor child. And if the child, that there is no wife. The foregoing affidavit must be signed by the claimant and witnessed by a magistrate. There must be below an affidavit of some disinterested person, stating the relationship of the claimant and the person claimed for, and that there is no other person entitled to claim; and also state that they are disinterested, and sign it; and the magistrate witness it. Then the magistrate certifies that the witness is a credible witness, and signs the certificate—and all his witnessing must be under seal. Then the Clerk of the County Court must certify under his seal that he is such magistrate.

The foregoing is the only mode of getting soldiers' pay. No Administration is necessary.

The foregoing do not apply to commissioned officers, unless their claim is less than one hundred dollars. If over $100 the person claiming will have to administer, and then send me a copy of the letters of administration, certified by the Clerk of the County Court, and a simple power of Attorney, proved or acknowledged before the Clerk of the County Court, authorising me to draw and receipt for the claim in their name as Administrator. Commissioned officers, out of service, wishing me to draw, will forward me a power of Attorney, proved before the Clerk, stating his grade and the Company and Reg't to which he belonged. B. M. EDNEY.

Hendersonville, N. C., Oct. 16, 1862.

The foregoing is intended to apply to all claimants in the Confederate States.

Oct. 16. 2t

VALUABLE LAND SALE.

IN pursuance of a decree in the Court of Equity, I will sell, on the premises, on

Thursday, the 4th of December

NEXT, a Tract of Land, the property of the heirs of the late P. W. ROBERTS, lying on the West side of French Broad River, about three miles from Asheville, joining lands of William Johnston, Noah Jarrett and others, containing about

162 ACRES.

Also, on FRIDAY, the 5th of December, I will sell, on the premises, ONE-HALF of an undivided Tract of Land containing about

FIFTY-FOUR ACRES,

Lying within the corporation of Asheville, joining lands of William Johnston, B. J. Alexander and others. Both tracts will be sold on a credit of ONE AND TWO YEARS, purchasers required to give NOTES with approved SECURITY, bearing interest from date; and the titles will be withheld until the purchase money is paid.

JOSHUA ROBERTS, Adm'r.
Oct. 23, 1262. 6t

WANTED,

IN large quantities, the following articles, for which the annexed prices will be paid, on delivery at the N. C. Military Institute, Charlotte, N. C.:

	₹ lb
Arum Tryphillum—Indian Turnip, root,	$0 25
Asclepias Tuberosa—Pleurisy Root,	30
Aristolochia Serpentaria,—Virginia Snake Root,	1 00
Acorus Calamus—Sweet Flag, root,	25
Asarum Canadense—Wild Ginger, root,	50
Cornus Florida—Dogwood, inner bark,	30
Cassia Marilandica—Wild Senna, leaves,	50
Cimicifuga Racemosa—Black Snake Root,	50
Chimaphilla Umbellata—Pipsissewa or Ffincess Pine,	50
Cytisus Scoparius—Scotch Broom, tops of stems,	50
Capsicum—Cayenne Pepper, pod,	1 00
Diospyros Virginiana—Persimmon Bark, from root,	30
Datura Stramonium—Jamestown Weed, seed and leaf,	30
Euphorbia Corrolate—Blooming Spurge, root,	50
Euphorbia Ipecacuanhae—American Ipecac, root,	1 00
Eupatorium Perfoliatum—Bone-set, leaves,	20
Frasera Wateri—American Columbo, root,	50
Gillenia Trifoliata, } Indian Physic, root,	40
" Stipulacia, }	80
Geranium Maculatum—Cranes-bill, root,	30
Gentiana Catespei—American Gentian, root,	50
Gaultheria Procumbens—Wintergreen, leaves,	1 25
Humulus Lupulus—Hops,	75
Hyoscianus Niger—Henbane, leaves and seed,	25
Juniper Communis—Juniper Berry,	30
Leontodon Taraxicum—Dandelion, root,	30
Lini Semen—Flaxseed, $2 per bushel.	
Laurus Sassafras—Sassafras, bark of root,	5 00
Laurus Sassafras, pith,	30
Lavandula—Lavender, flowers and stems,	20
Monarda Punctata—Horsemint, leaves,	25
Mentha Piperita—Peppermint, leaves,	25
Mentha Viridis—Spearmint, leaves,	75
Polygala Senega—Seneca Snakeroot,	1 00
Papaver—Poppy heads,	50
Panax Quinquefolium—Ginseng, root,	30
Pinckney Pubens, bark,	20
Rubus Trivalis—Dewberry, smaller branches of root,	20
Rubus Trivalis—Blackberry, smaller branches of root,	20
Statice Caroliniana—Marsh Rosemary, root,	20
Sarsaparilla root,	25
Spiraea Tormentosa—Meadow Sweet, root,	30
Salvia—Sage, leaves,	30
Sabbatia Angularis—Centaury, herb,	25
Salanum Dulcamara—Woody Night Shade, extreme twigs,	50
Symplocarpus Fœtidus—Skunk Cabbage, root,	20
Spigelia Marilandica—Pink Root,	50
Stillingia Sylvatica—Queen's Root,	50
Sesamum Indicem—Benne Leaf,	65
Cucurbita Citrullus—Watermelon, seed,	20
Cicurbita Pepo—Pumpkin, seed,	20
Triosteum Perfoliatum—Fever Root,	30
Uva U.si—Bearberry leaves,	50
Ulmus—Slippery Elm, inner bark,	30
Veratrum Viride—American Hellebore, root,	50
Xanthoxylon—Prickly Ash, inner bark,	30

These articles must be thoroughly clean and perfectly dry. The reception of which will continue until further notice.

M. HOWARD, Surgeon
and Medical Purveyor, C. S. A.
Oct. 23. 5t

$150 REWARD.

Catch the deserters--Bring them to justice!

HEADQUARTERS 62D REG'T N. C. TROOPS,
HAYNESVILLE, TENN., Oct. 9, 1862.

I WILL give one hundred and fifty dollars reward for the apprehension and delivery to me at these Headquarters of the following named deserters from my command, Company C, 62nd Regiment N. C. Troops, or thirty dollars for either of them, viz: Montraville M. Roberson, H. F. Roberson, Posey Anny A. Roberson, Franklin Troops, and John Messer. Roberson, Elisha

DESCRIPTION.

MONTRAVILLE M. ROBERSON, is thirty years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, auburn hair, swathy complexion, slender built, and weighs about 150 pounds.

H. F. ROBERSON is 28 years of age, 6 feet high, auburn hair, lisps when talking, and weighs 170 pounds.

POSEY A. ROBERSON is 24 years of age, swathy complexion, five feet 9 inches high, weighs 140 pounds, and is very stoop-shouldered, and would make a fine looking soldier if his head was turned the other way. All three of the above named persons are sons of Alexander Roberson, familiarly known in Haywood county as the copper-bottom, and are supposed to be lurking about in the mountains of Western North Carolina and East Tennessee.

ELISHA FRANKLIN is 33 years old, has sandy hair, grey eyes, freckled face, 5 feet 9 inches high, and weighs 150 pounds.

JOHN MESSER is 28 years old, light hair, beard nearly white, fair skin, 6 feet high, and weighs 160 pounds. The two latter are supposed to be in the mountains in Haywood county.

The good of the service requires that these men should be caught and brought out of their hiding places and punished severely as an example to others. I therefore appeal to all good citizens—every one who has the cause of Southern Independence at heart—to keep a sharp look out for them, and on the very first opportunity to arrest them and bring them here to me, and get the liberal reward offered.

By command of Col. R. G. A. Love,
JOHN TURPIN, Capt.
Co. C, 62nd Reg't N. C. Troops.
Oct. 16. tf

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

HEADQUARTERS CAMP JACKSON,
HAYNESVILLE, TENN., Oct. 9, 1862.

THE Above reward will be paid for the apprehension and delivery to me at these Headquarters of JOSEPH A. GRANT, a private in Company A, 62d Regiment N. C. Troops. Said Grant is about 25 years of age, red complexion, blue eyes and light hair, is about five feet six inches high, and weighs about one hundred and forty-five pounds.

By command of Col. R. G. A. Love,
ASBURY T. ROGERS, Capt.
Com'd'g Co. A, 62d N. C. T.
Oct. 16. tf

1932 Acres of Land for Sale
NOTICE.

BY virtue of a Power of Attorney to me executed by the heirs of JAMES GUDGER, deceased, I will proceed to sell on the

1st Monday in December next,

AT PUBLIC SALE to the highest bidder, the following Tracts of Land as herein after mentioned. FIRST TRACT,

Containing 142 Acres,

Where said James Gudger lived, known as the

CROSS ROADS,

Lying 10 miles West of Asheville on which there is a GOOD DWELLING and STORE HOUSE,

TAN YARD,

And necessary OUT BUILDINGS, a large portion of cleared lands under good fence, &c.

Also, on TUESDAY, THE DAY FOLLOWING,

FIVE HUNDRED ACRES,

Lying on both sides of Turkey Creek, being the place whereon the said James Gudger formerly lived; which tract will be divided to suit the locality and purchasers, on which there is also a large amount of land under cultivation, &c.

Also, on THURSDAY FOLLOWING, I will sell

TWO HUNDRED ACRES

On the head of Little Pine Creek, in the county of MADISON, known as the Stephen's Cove, on which there is a

Dwelling House, and Thirty or Forty Acres of cleared Land.

Also the same day, or the day following,

One Hundred and Fifty Acres,

Lying on the mountain between Big and Little Pine Creeks known as the GRASS LANDS, on which there is a DWELLING HOUSE and some Fifty or Sixty Acres under cultivation, mostly in Timothy and Ever Green Grass.

Also, Four Hundred Acres,

Lying on Big Pine Creek, on which there is a portion of LAND UNDER CULTIVATION, and a

DWELLING HOUSE.

Also, Five Hundred and Forty

ACRES WOOD LANDS, joining to and lying above on the head of said Creek. Those wishing to purchase Lands on which to

FARM AND MERCHANDIZE,

Or FARM AND GRAZE, or MOUNTAIN OUT-LET, or all of them, can be suited, as the

MOUNTAIN LANDS

Will also be sold in SUITABLE TRACTS.

The TERMS OF SALE will be a credit of one, two and three years, the purchaser giving NOTE AND APPROVED SECURITY, with INTEREST from date. Title to be made when paid for.

In all cases the sale will be made on the LANDS, and a fair plot will be exhibited on the day of sale. J. J. GUDGER, Agent

For the heirs of James Gudger, dec'd.
Oct. 16. ts7t

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

THE undersigned will sell on the 5th and 6th November next, at the late residence of GEORGE W. CANDLER, dec'd, all the personal property belonging to his estate, consisting of Corn, Hay, Wheat, Rye, Horses, Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Sheep, Farming Utensils, and Household and Kitchen Furniture, together with

SEVEN LIKELY NEGROES.

Terms of Sale—12 months credit, with Note and approved security. Also on the 12th I will sell

SOME HAY AND CORN,

And other ARTICLES, on South Hominy, where James Warren now lives.

All persons indebted to said Estate are required to make immediate payment, and all persons holding claims against it will present them within the time prescribed by law.

W. G. CANDLER, Adm'r.
October 16, 1862. 3t

ADMINISTRATORS' SALE.

THE undersigned will sell on Friday the 14th November next, at the late residence of Col. James M. Alexander, all the remaining personal property belonging to his estate, not before disposed of, consisting of

Corn, Hay, Wheat, Horses and Mules, Hogs, Cattle, Blacksmith's Tools, Farming Utensils, and a quantity of Household and Kitchen Furniture.

Terms of sale CASH. Sale to commence at 11 o'clock, A. M. A. M. ALEXANDER, } Adm's.
J. S. BURNETT, }
Oct. 9. 6t

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of HENRY STEPHENS, are notified to present them in legal form, and all indebted to him are notified to make payment. Notice is also given, that on the 31st day of OCTOBER, at the residence of his widow, I will sell the the following property, to-wit:

Blacksmith Tools, one Portable Thrasher and Wind Mill, two Wagons, two Mules, some Sheep, Hogs and Cattle, including some MILK COWS, etc.

The sale will be on TWELVE MONTHS credit, with note and approved security.

M. PATTON, Adm'r.
Oct. 2. 5t

TO MY ASSESSORS.

ALL my Assessors (except those of Madison) can get their WARRANTS for what is due them, on application at the Asheville News office. None were sent for the Madison Assessors. I have written for them. WM. HICKS.

Oct. 16. 2t

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, BOOTS AND SHOES, HATS, CAPS AND LADIES BONNETS, DRUGS & MEDICINES, STATIONARY, HARDWARE, &c., &c., &c., &c.

S. E. Corner Public Square, opposite Bank of Cape Fear, Asheville.

October 18, 1860. tf

NOTICE.

WHEN money is plenty is the best time to pay your debts. Persons indebted to me by NOTE or ACCOUNT will confer a great favor by paying up at once. Medicines, and every thing else are emanding such exorbitant prices, that Physicians cannot practice without *some pay*. A hint to the wise is sufficient

J. A. REAGAN, M. D.
Reems' Creek, Aug. 28, 1862. 3mpd

WANTED:

FROM FORTY TO FIFTY ADDITIONAL hands in the SEGAR FACTORY at ASHEVILLE. Liberal wages will be given, and persons employed will be supplied with Provisions at reasonable prices. Application to be made at the SEGAR FACTORY, ASHEVILLE.

Oct. 2. tf

C. H. YOUNG,

DEALER IN

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO,

PENN'S STORE, PATRICK COUNTY, VA

Orders by mail promptly attended to.
October 31, 1861. 1y

RAVENSCROFT SCHOOL.

THE exercises of this School will be resumed on the 1st Monday (4th day) of August.

Terms per Session of 5 Months:

(TWENTY WEEKS.)

PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

Primary English Department	$15 00
Higher " Branches	20 00
Classics	25 00

L. HOLMES.
July 31, 1862. tf

SALT! SALT!!

THE undersigned SALT COMMISSIONERS for the county of Buncombe, want to hire

100 Wagons and Teams,

For which they will pay liberal prices in cash. The TEAMS are wanted to go to the Salt Works in Virginia. The citizens of the county are hereby notified that we want a large number of Salt Sacks, for which we will pay the cash value on delivery to any of the Commissioners. The Sacks are wanted immediately to send for the Salt to supply the county.

W. D. RANKIN,
W. R. BAIRD,
JOHN BURGIN,
N. BLACKSTOCK, } Salt Comms'rs.

Sept. 18. tf

C. S. Armory, Asheville, N. C.

AUGUST 12TH, 1862.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

3,000	FEET CHERRY PLANK,	
5,000	" 1½ & 1¼ inf. Pine	"
5,000	" 1 in. Poplar	"
10,000	" 2¼ " Blk. Walnut	"
5,000	Bus. Best Pine Charcoal.	
500	Cords Wood.	

All well seasoned. The highest CASH prices will be paid upon delivery.

R. W. PULLIAM,
Agent C. S. A. Comd'g.
August 14. tf

SIXTY DOLLARS REWARD.

CAMP MARTIN, GREENEVILLE, TENN.,
October 2, 1862.

WILLIAM AND JAMES M. LITTRELL, privates, having deserted my company on the 1st of October, 1862, the above reward will be paid for their apprehension and delivery to the Headquarters of Col. McDowell, 60th Regiment N. C. Volunteers, or $30 for the apprehension and delivery of either.

WILLIAM LITTRELL is about 26 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high. JAMES is about 17 years of age, 5 feet 3 inches high.

They left Camps on a permit of an hour—were met several miles on the direct Buncombe road—for which clime 'tis supposed they are making tracks. Do your country a favor and arrest them! JAMES M. RAY, Capt.

Co. G, 60th Reg't N. C. Vol's.
Oct. 9. 3t

To Arrive Next Week at Aston's.

500 lbs.	Soda.
500 "	Copperas.
100 "	Black Pepper.
50 "	Castile Soap.
10 "	Gum Camphor.
200 "	Shot.
20 Reams	Letter Paper.
20,000	Envelopes.

May 29.

Writing Paper.

I HAVE 100 REAMS Letter Paper, which I am prepared to offer to the MERCHANTS and PEOPLE of Western North Carolina at low figures for the times, by the

Ream, Half Ream or Quire.

Orders by mail, accompanied by the CASH, promptly attended to.

Call soon or address, E. J. ASTON,
Asheville, N. C.
August 21. tf

ALWAYS AT WORK.

E. L. TRIPLETT

WOULD remind his old friends and customers that he is yet at his

OLD STAND,

In the south end of Asheville, where every description of

BLACKSMITHING

Can be done at the shortest notice and in superior style.

Horse Shoeing done as no other establishment in this country can do it.

Bring on your work, and it shall be done with despatch, and in the best manner.

Asheville, Aug. 16, 1860. 1y

MARBLE YARD,
Greenville, S. C.

JAMES M. ALLEN

WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM THE public that he has now on hand, at his Yard in Greenville, S. C., a large and varied stock, embracing every style and quality of

MARBLE,

Which he is working into

Monuments, Tombstones, Mantle Pieces, &c., &c.

Particular attention given to devices and lettering upon Tombstones.

Orders promptly filled, and great care taken in boxing and forwarding.

THOS. W. ATKIN

Is my Agent at Asheville, and will receive orders and give all necessary information as to prices, terms, &c.

JAMES M. ALLEN.
Greenville, S. C., Oct. 11, 1860. 1y

ASHEVILLE
Mutual Insurance Company,

CONTINUE to issue POLICIES OF INSURANCE ON

WHITE AND SLAVE LIVES

On more favorable terms than any other Company in the State; giving the insured perfect security against loss. Also POLICIES against

Loss by Fire

On as fair and reasonable terms as any other solvent Company can fairly do it.

WM. MURDOCH, *Secretary.*
Asheville, Jan. 30, 1862. tf.

SHOE PEGS.

I AM MANUFACTURING SHOE PEGS, and will fill orders to their turn. TERMS CASH. Address H. LINDSEY,

Sept. 18. Asheville, N. C.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the ESTATE of the late M. D. L. GARMON, are hereby notified to present them, properly authenticated, within the time prescribed by law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery. Also, all persons indebted to the Estate, are requested to come forward and make settlements as soon as possible. JOSHUA R. JONES,

Oct. 16—3t Adm'r.

SWANNANOA HOUSE,
Asheville, N. C.

THE subscriber having leased the above House, (Late Smith's Hotel,) and having thoroughly overhauled it from cellar to garret, would respectfully inform the traveling public, and those in search of health or pleasure, that he is prepared to accommodate them in a style not inferior to the best. Attentive SERVANTS will be on hand to wait upon his guests, and his TABLE will be supplied with the best the country affords. JAMES ROBERTSON.

September 11, 1862. 1y

CAROLINA HOUSE,

(MAIN STREET, NORTH OF BUCK HOTEL,)

ASHEVILLE, N. C.

THIS HOUSE is now open for the reception of company.

Good Rooms, Good Servants,
GOOD FARE,

And every necessary attention given to guests.

CHARGES REASONABLE.

B. J. SMITH, *Proprietor.*
July 18, 1861. tf

JON. WHALEY,

CLOCK AND WATCH MAKER,

WOULD respectfully inform the citizens of Asheville and surrounding country, that he has located in

ASHEVILLE,

For the purpose of carrying on the above business in its various branches. He also offers for sale a SMALL ASSORTMENT OF

WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

Consisting in part of Gold and Silver Watches, Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, Gold Spectacles, Gold Thimbles, Jewelry in Sets, Cameos, Lavas, Coral, &c., Silver Forks, Spoons, &c.

CLOCKS AND WATCHES

Repaired with neatness and despatch and warranted. Jewelry mended.

Court House square, front of MERRIMON & SONS' Store. JON. WHALEY.

July 19. tf

Ho! for the Salt Works!

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

100 WAGONS, TO HAUL WOOD AT THE *VIRGINIA SALT WORKS.*

For good four horse teams, we will pay FOUR dollars per day, and feed men and horses. For good six horse teams, we will pay FIVE dollars per day. Teamsters must furnish an extra Log Chain, and a few small Chains to fasten on loads, to each wagon, and must find their own bedding.

CARPENTERS AND MASONS.

100 CARPENTERS and Stone and Brick Masons also wanted immediately. For these we will pay from two to two dollars and fifty cents per day. Each Mason must bring his own Trowel, and each Carpenter a few Framing Tools, such as Broad Axes, Cross Cut Saws, Chisels, large Augurs, &c. They will be allowed rations, and will be required to form themselves into Messes or Squads.

WOOD CHOPPERS.

100 WOOD CHOPPERS also wanted immediately, for whom we will pay the customary price at the Works. Each chopper must bring his own Axe.

COMMON LABORERS.

100 COMMON LABORERS, white or black, also wanted, for whom we will pay one dollar per day and rations.

We are anxious to start some eight or ten wagons next Monday, and those who wish to engage will please report immediately to either John E. Patton, G. T. Spears, E. Clayton, Asheville.

N. W. WOODFIN,
State Agent.
July 17. tf

THIRTY DOLLARS REWARD.

HAYNESVILLE, TENN., Oct. 6, 1862.

THE above reward will be paid for the apprehension and delivery at the Headquarters of 62d Reg't N. C. Troops, at Haynesville, East Tennessee, or fifteen dollars at Hendersonville Jail, for the following named deserter JOSIAH C. LANDRETH, from Co. E, of said Regiment.

JOSIAH C. LANDRETH, who was enlisted in July last, and failed to report to these Headquarters, is five feet ten inches high, dark complexion, black hair, dark eyes, about twenty-three years of age, and at the time of enlistment resided in Southarp's Cove, Greenville District, South Carolina.

By order of Col. R. G. A. Love, Comd'g Reg't.
L. C. NEILL, Capt.
Comd'g Co. E, 22d Reg't N. C. Troops.
Oct. 16. 4t

NOTICE.

UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE WE WILL BE under the necessity of

Selling Goods for Pay Down.

We can buy nothing unless paying CASH for it, and if we are to keep up a

STOCK OF GOODS

To supply the wants of our customers, we must have pay down for GOODS on delivery.

SUMMEY, SPEARS & CO.
Sept. 19, 1861. tf

Executors' Notice.

THE undersigned having qualified as Executors under the WILL of the late JAMES W. PATTON, desire all persons having claims against the Estate to present them immediately for settlement, also, all persons indebted to the Estate are requested to make settlement at their earliest convenience.

JAS. A. PATTON,
W. A. PATTON,
T. W. PATTON, } Exr's.
February 6, 1862. tf

TO RENT:

A FARM CONTAINING ONE HUNDRED Acres of cleared LANDS, with BOTTOM and UPLAND of the first class for grain. The above FARM is situated within two miles of the Court House.

ALSO,

Four Good Field Hands

TO HIRE, and TWO FIRST RATE MULES for sale. For further particulars apply at

THIS OFFICE.
Sept. 11. tf

FOR SALE.

A RESIDENCE IN ASHEVILLE. HOUSE (brick) new and elegant—grounds handsomely and conveniently arranged. Terms accommodating. W. A. PATTON.

Asheville, May 22, 1862. tf

NEGROES FOR SALE.

A WOMAN thirty-five years old, with two children aged ONE and TWO AND A HALF years. The woman a GOOD COOK and WASHER. Inquire at

SUMMEY, SPEARS & Co's.
Asheville, Aug. 28. tf